IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

STEPHEN GIRON,	
Plaintiff,))
vs.) No. 3:23-CV-269-M (BH)
CITY OF GREENVILLE, TEXAS, et al.,))
Defendants.	Referred to U.S. Magistrate Judge ¹

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATION

Based on the relevant filings and applicable law, the case should be dismissed without prejudice for failure to prosecute or comply with court orders.

I. BACKGROUND

By complaint filed on February 7, 2023, the *pro se* plaintiff sued two law enforcement officers, a police department, and a municipality, based on a traffic stop. (*See* doc. 3.) After he was granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, on February 9, 2023, he was sent a magistrate judge's questionnaire to obtain more information about his claims. (*See* doc. 6.) He was ordered to file his responses within fourteen (14) days and was specifically advised that a failure to do so could result in the dismissal of the case for failure to prosecute or comply with court orders. (*See id.*)

More than fourteen days from the date of the questionnaire have passed, but the plaintiff has not filed his questionnaire answers or anything else in this case.

II. INVOLUNTARY DISMISSAL

Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure permits a court to dismiss an action *sua* sponte for failure to prosecute or follow orders of the court. *McCullough v. Lynaugh*, 835 F.2d

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¹ By Special Order No. 3-251, this pro se case has been automatically referred for full case management.

1126, 1127 (5th Cir. 1988) (§ 1983 prisoner action). This authority flows from a court's inherent power to control its docket, prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases, and avoid congested court calendars. *Link v. Wabash R.R. Co.*, 370 U.S. 626, 629-31 (1962). The plaintiff failed to comply with an order to file his responses to a questionnaire to obtain more information about his claims, despite a warning that failure to do so could result in dismissal of the case. He has not filed anything else in the case since his initial filings. Because the plaintiff failed to follow a court order or otherwise show that he intends to proceed with this case, it should be dismissed.

III. RECOMMENDATION

The plaintiff's case should be dismissed without prejudice under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b) for failure to prosecute or follow orders of the court, unless he files his questionnaire answers within the time for objecting to this recommendation, or by some other deadline set by the court.

SO RECOMMENDED on this 2nd day of March, 2023.

IRMA CARRILLO RAMIREZ UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of these findings, conclusions, and recommendation shall be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of these findings, conclusions and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's findings, conclusions and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. See Douglass v. United Servs. Automobile Ass'n, 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).

TRMA CARRILLO RAMIREZ
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE